

ABSTRACT

A method of nucleic acid infusion, comprising the step (a) of bringing a nucleic acid, a hypertonic solution and cells into contact with each other and the step (b) of lowering the osmotic pressure of the hypertonic solution after the step (a). There is further provided a reagent for nucleic acid infusion, comprising as an ingredient at least one substance belonging to the category of oligosaccharide or polyhydric alcohol.